

UMKHOMBANDLELA WOLUNTU



Yintoni uhlahlo lwabiwo mali?

Rhoqo ngoFebruary, uMphathiswa weZemali ubhengeza uhlahlo-lwabiwo mali lukarhulumente olubandakanya indlela urhulumente azakusebenzisa ngayo imali, irhafu kunye nendlela azakuboleka imali ngayo kwiminyaka emithathu ezayo. Olu lwabiwo mali lukazwelonke lucacisa indlela ezakwabiwa ngayo imali phakathikwamanqanaba karhulumente, ukususela kuzwelonke, amaphondo nomkhandlu-dolophu.

ULUHLU



1. Umyalezo ka mphathiswa
2. Ukonyusa ithemba kuqoqosho nokudala imisebenzi
3. Ukuphucula indlela esetyenziswa ngayo imali namaziko ophuhliso



1. Ukuhlangabezana nengxaki yembalela
2. Imfundo yasimahla kubafundi abasuka kumakhaya ahlupekayo nabarhola kancinci
3. Ivela phi imali karhulumente kwaye izakusetyenziswa njani ngo 2018/19?



1. Iinguqu kwirhafu yomvuzo
2. Amazinga amatsha erhafu
3. Ukunyuka kwerhafu kwiziselo zomdiliya omfaxangiweyo kunye ne cuba
4. Ukunyuka kwe rhafu yamafutha eenqwelo

LUHLELWA NJANI ULWABIWO MALI

1. Ekuqaleni kuye kukhutshwe imigaqo echaza iinkcukacha ezifunekayo kuhlahlolwabiwo-mali
2. Amasebe ka rhulumente ahlangahlengisa iinkqubo zawo, enze nengcaciso yendlela yokusetyenziswa kwemali kwanezibophelelo kwiinkonzo zezibonelelo zoluntu.
3. Iziphakamiso zemali zithunyelwa kwisebe lezezimali iNational Treasury apho ziyakuxoxwa nzulu khona.
4. Iqumrhu labaphathi jikele, (Director-Generals) bamasebe ahlukeneyo; liqwalasela ezi mfuno zemali.
5. Emva koko eliqumrhu liye licebise abaphathiswa abakumqumrhu oqengqu mali.
6. I Medium Term Budget Policy Statement, yinkcazo yomgaqo-nkqubo karhulumente yohlahlolwabiwo-mali yeminyaka emithathu ezayo.
7. Izigqibo zohlalo lobiwo mali oligqibeleleyo zenziwa kwi Khabinethi.
8. Emva koko kubhalwa iincwadi zolwabiwo mali.
9. Ulwabiwo mali luye lubekwe phambi kwePalamente
10. iPalamente iye iyishukuxe ize iluphumeze oluhlahlolwabiwo mali.
11. Ekugqibeleni uhlahlolwabiwo mali luthunyelwa kuMongameli yena athi alutyikitye ngokwasemthethweni.

UKUBEKA INGXOWA YOMZANTSI AFRIKA KWIQONDO ELINENKQUBELA

Sekulithuba elide urhulumente echitha imali engaphezu kwaleyo ingenileyo, lonto eyanza ukuba izinga letyala lelizwe linyuke.

Uqoqosho lunyuka ngezanga eliphantsi, oku kudalwa kukuncipha kwethemba koosomashishini naku batyali-mali. Ku hlahlo lwabiwo-mali luka Oktober (2017 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement), urhulumente wabhengeza umbono wetyala lesizwe elingazinzanga. Lona olu hlahlo lwabiwo-mali luka 2018 luza neziphakamiso ezizokonyusa ithemba elitsha ngokuzisa uzinzo kwingxowa mali yelizwe.

U Mzantsi Afrika unethuba lokwakha phezu kwethemba elidalwe ziingunqu ezenzekileyo kwezinyanga zimbalwa zidlulileyo. Uqoqosho luqhuba kakuhle kunoko bekulindelekile, kungoko kulundeleke ukuba lukhule nge 1 pesenti ngo 2017, 1.5 pesenti ngo 2018 ne 2.1 pesenti ngo 2020. Elizinga

lokonyuka koqoqosho lwamkelekile kodwa ke lisacotha kakhulu ekusombululeni intswelo-ngqesho nendlala. Lonto ethi yenze kubenzima kurhulumente ukuba afikelele apho ajolise khona malunga nengxowa mali yelizwe.

Iziphakamiso zohlalo lwabiwo mali ziquka ukuphucula ingxowa mali yelizwe ngokuthi kunyuswe irhafu, kwehliswe uchitho mali kuze kujoliswe kwiinkonzo ezibalulekileyo. Urhulumente uzakunyusa irhafu nge

R36 billion ngokuthi anyuse izinga lerhafu yentengo nge 1 pesenti ukuya kwi 15 pesenti aze ahlangahlengise nakwezinye iirhafu. Ukonyuswa kwerhafu yentengo akuzubanalwamvila ekhukhuleni koqoqosho kwixesha elizayo. Kuza kuncitshiswa ukusetyenziswa kwemali nakwezinye iinkonzo zikarhulumente ukuze imali ifakwe kwiinkonzo ezibalulekileyo eziquka imfundo ephakamileyo yesimahla kwiminyaka emithathu ezayo. Nangona kukho ezinguqu zibaliweyo, urhulumente kusafanele ukuba

aboleke i R191 billion koluhlalo lwabiwo-mali luka 2018/19. Kodwa naxa kunjalo, ityala lelizwe likwizinga elilawulekayo. Inyathelo lokuqala kukuzisa uzinzo kuhlahlolwabiwo mali ukuze uqoqosho lubuyele esimeni esingcono ngokukhawulezileyo.

Kwaye, urhulumente uzakusebenza ngokuzimisela ukuzisa umgaqo-nkqubo wozotshintsho kwakunye nolawulo olungcono nempatho elungileyo kwiinkampani zikarhulumente (SOCs), lonto ithi ixhase ukukhula koqoqosho. Nangona luthelwaphucuka kancinikane izinga lokukhula koqoqosho, busebuninzi ubungozi. Ubungozi obuquka ukuqokelela irhafu enganelanga, uqoqosho olukhula ngezanga eliphantsi, kwakunye nengxowa yemali ebuthathaka kwiinkampani zikarhulumente (SOCs). Uzinzo kwimigaqo-nkqubo yezotshintsho lubalulekile ekuziseni intembeko nasekudaleni inxhaso yokukhulisa utyalo-mali ■

Inyathelo lokuqala kukuzisa uzinzo kuhlahlolwabiwo mali ukuze uqoqosho lubuyele esimeni esingcono ngokukhawulezileyo

UKUHLANGABEZANA NENGXAKI YEMBALELA

Amaphondo eli aliqela aquka iNtshona Koloni nezinye iindawo eziseMpuma Koloni zihlaselwe yimbelela.

Urhulumente uzimisele ekuqinisekiseni ukuba amanzi awapheli nasekubeni kusekwe amaziko azakuqinisekisa ukuba kuzakusoloko kukho amanzi. Okwangoku amanzi ayankinkishwa

ukuze angamoshwa ngakumbi eNtshona Koloni. Olu hlahlo lwabiwo mali luka 2018 lubeke bucala imali ukuze kwakhiwe amaziko okuqinisekisa ukuba kusoloko kukho amanzi. Urhulumente uzimisele ukulondoloza amanzi ukuze kuqinisekiswe ukuba imfuno zoluntu ezibalulekileyo ziyasingathwa ngoku kusajongwe isisombululo sexesha elide ■



IMFUNDO YASIMAHLA KUBAFUNDI ABASUKA KUMAKHAYA AHLUPHEKAYO NABARHOLA KANCINCI

Ngo December 2017, uMongameli uZuma wabhengeza imfundo ephakamileyo yasimahla noqeqesho lwabafundi abaphuma kumakhaya afumana umvuzo ongaphantsi kwe R350 000 ngonyaka. Ukuhlangabezana nezi zandululo, urhulumente wongeze iR57 billion kuhlalo lwabiwo-mali kuleminyaka mithathu ilandelayo. Lemali iquka ukuxhasa iiyunivesiti ukuze zingonyusi imali ebhatalwa ngabafundi abaphuma kumakhaya anomvuzo ongange R350 000 ukuya kwi R600 000 ngonyaka.

I National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) izakubonelela abafundi abangeka thweswa ziidanga kwii yunivesiti kwakunye nee Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) abaphuma kumakhaya anemivuso engange R350 000 ngonyaka. Esisibonelelo sizakuhlangabezana nazo zonke imfuno

zomfundi eziquka imali yemfundo, iincwadi, inxhaso yokutya, indawo yokuhlala kunye nemali yokuya esikolweni. Kunyaka wokusekwa kwesisibonelelo (2018) kuzakuxhaswa abafundi bonyaka wokuqala ze kunyaka wesibini kuxhaswe nabenza unyaka wesibini. Ngo 2019, kuzakuxhaswa abafundi bonyaka wokuqala nabafundi abakunyaka wesibini. Imithetho yesisibonelelo isekwe lisebe lemfundo ephakamileyo.

Abafundi be NSFAS ababuyela kunyaka wesibini, wesithathu nowesine eyunivesiti (abasuka kwiintsapho ezirhola ngaphantsi kwe R122 000 ngonyaka) lemali mboleko izakuguqulwa yenziwe isibonelelo semfundo ngaphantsi kwalamithetho yayibekiwe ngexesha bafumana esisibonelelo. Lomthetho awubandakanyi abafundi be TVET abakwi NSFAS ngoba bona besele befumana isibonelelo semfundo engeyiyo imali mboleko ■

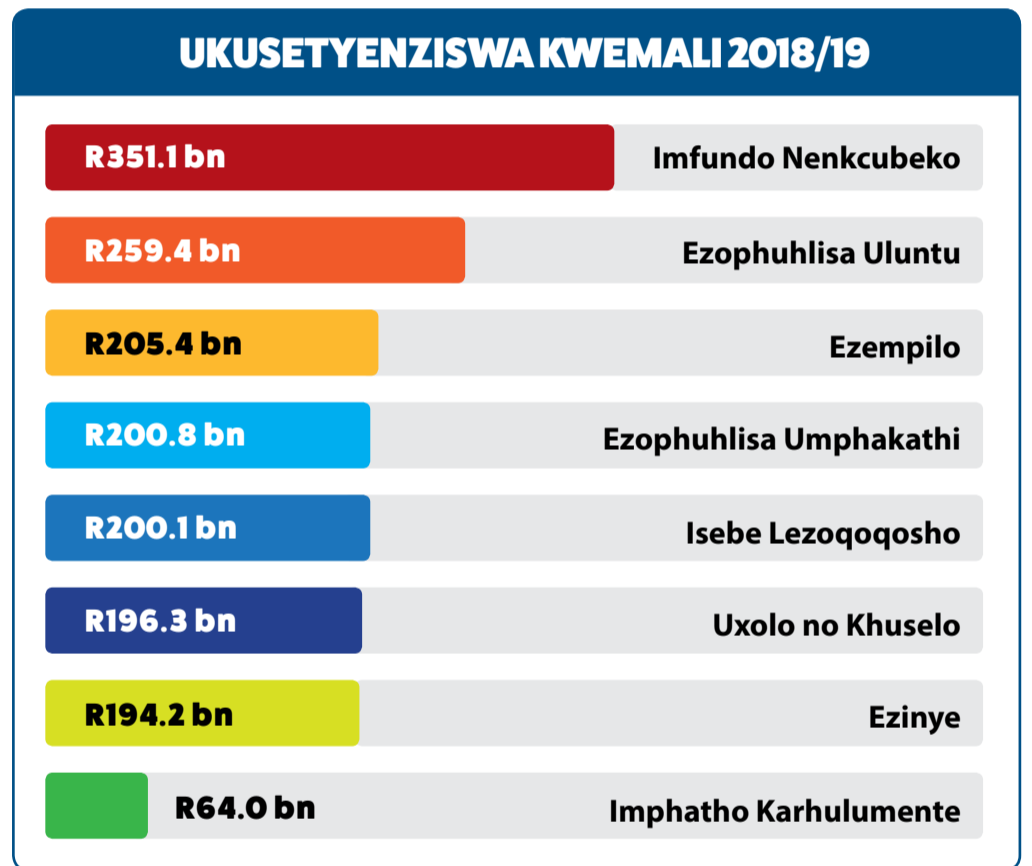
IVELA PHI IMALI KARHULUMENTE KWAYE IZAKUSETYENZISWA NJANI NGO 2018/19?

Imali esetyenziswa ngurhulumente ivela kwi rhafu. Urhulumente unesiphakamiso sokonyusa irhafu yentengo kwanezinye iirhafu.

Kwaye kulindeleke ukuba i R1.345 trillion iqokelelwe ngo 2018/19.

Urhulumente uzokusebenzisa iR1 345 trillion. Njengokuba imali eqokelelweyo ingazokwanela, urhulumente kulindeleke ukuba aboleke i R191 billion ngo 2018/19 ■

INGENISO YERHAFU (R billion)	2018/19	%
IRHAFU YOMVUZO	505.8	37.6
IRHAFU YAMASHISHINI	348.1	25.9
IRHAFU YENTENGO	231.2	17.2
IRHAFU YEMPAHLA ENGENA ELIZWENI	84.8	6.3
IRHAFU YAMAFUTHA EENQWELO	77.5	5.8
EZINYE	97.4	7.2
XAZIPHELELE	1 345.0	100.0



UKUBONELELA ABAHLUPHEKAYO NGEZE NTLALONTLE



Inani labemi bo Mzantsi Afrika abazakufumana isibonelelo sikarhulumente lizakufika ku **18.1 million** ngo nyaka ka 2020. Kolu hlahlo lwabiwo mali luka 2018, urhulumente uzakunyusa izibonelelo ngezinga eliphezulu kunakuqala ukuze abahluphekileyo bangaluva ulwamvila

lokunyuka kwe rhafu yentengo. Lonto ithetha ukuba ngo 2018/19, inxhaso mali yabantwana izakunyuka nge R25 ngenyanga ize eyabakhulisa abantwana abangengabo inyuke nge R40. Isibonelelo sabantu abadala sizokunyuka nge R95 ngenyanga ngo 2018/19 ■

	2017/18	2018/19
INXASO MALI YABADALA	R1 600	R1 695
EYABADALA ABANGAPHEZU KWE 75	R1 620	R1 715
EYAMAGORHA EMFAZWE	R1 620	R1 715
EYABAKHUBAZEKILEYO	R1 600	R1 695
EYABAKHULISA ABANTWANA ABANGENGOBABO	R920	R960
ABAGCINA IIMBEDLENGE	R1 600	R1 695
INXASO MALI YABANTWANA	R380	R405

